The Photographic Society of South Africa



- 1. An Introduction to Judging
- 2. The pitfalls of judging
- 3. Getting the score right
- 4. How and what to say



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Hendrik Ferreira FPSSA On Judging and Evaluation

Through his commentary, this person is also an educator whose comments on a specific picture may influence the future work of several other learning and aspiring photographers in the audience.

Ken Holland ARPS, DPAGB Looking at Photographs

In my opinion a good judge does not pass judgement. He/she should regard judging as appraisal, assessment and analysis.

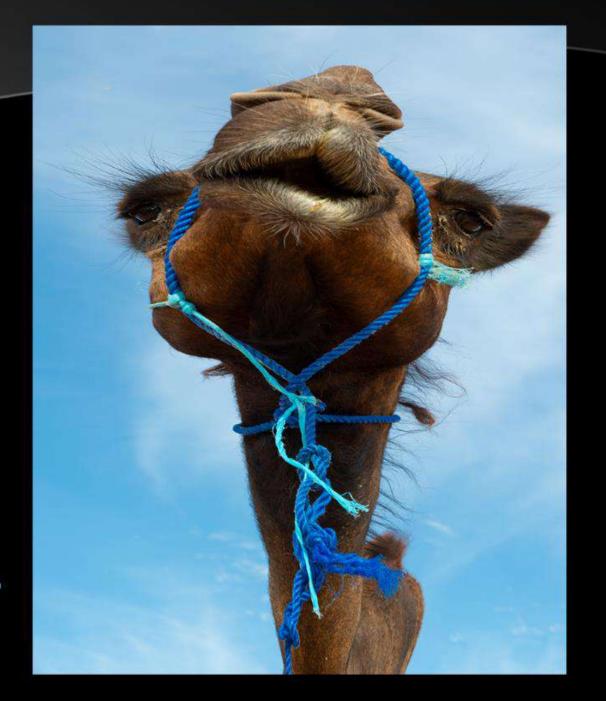
In other words judging should be evaluative, not judgemental.





A photograph is not GOOD just because you like it.

Nor is it BAD just because you don't like it.





You judge the image,

not the person or the place or the difficulty.

It doesn't matter what it is,

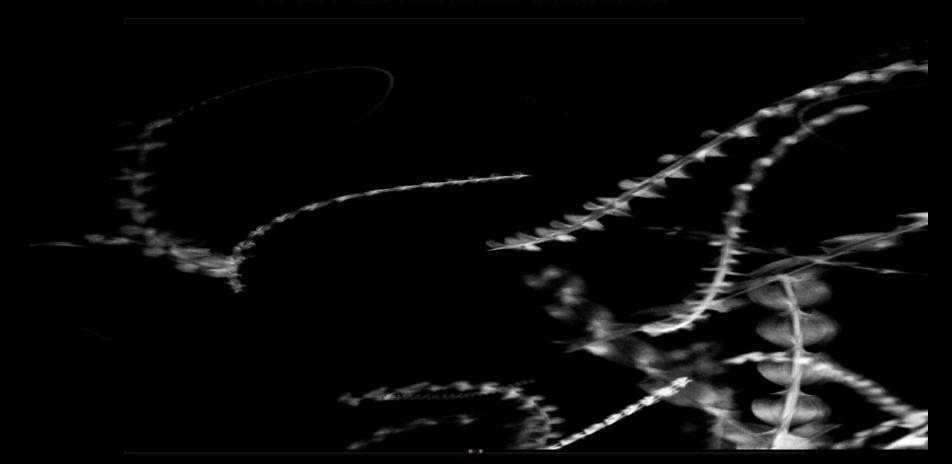
you judge the image

as presented.





Appreciation of all art, including photography, is an emotional exercise



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The importance of judging/evaluating/assessing cannot be denied.

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And yet judges are so often the subject of criticism and seldom of praise so much so that you wonder why anyone is willing to judge.

The subject never fails to arouse great passion and controversy.



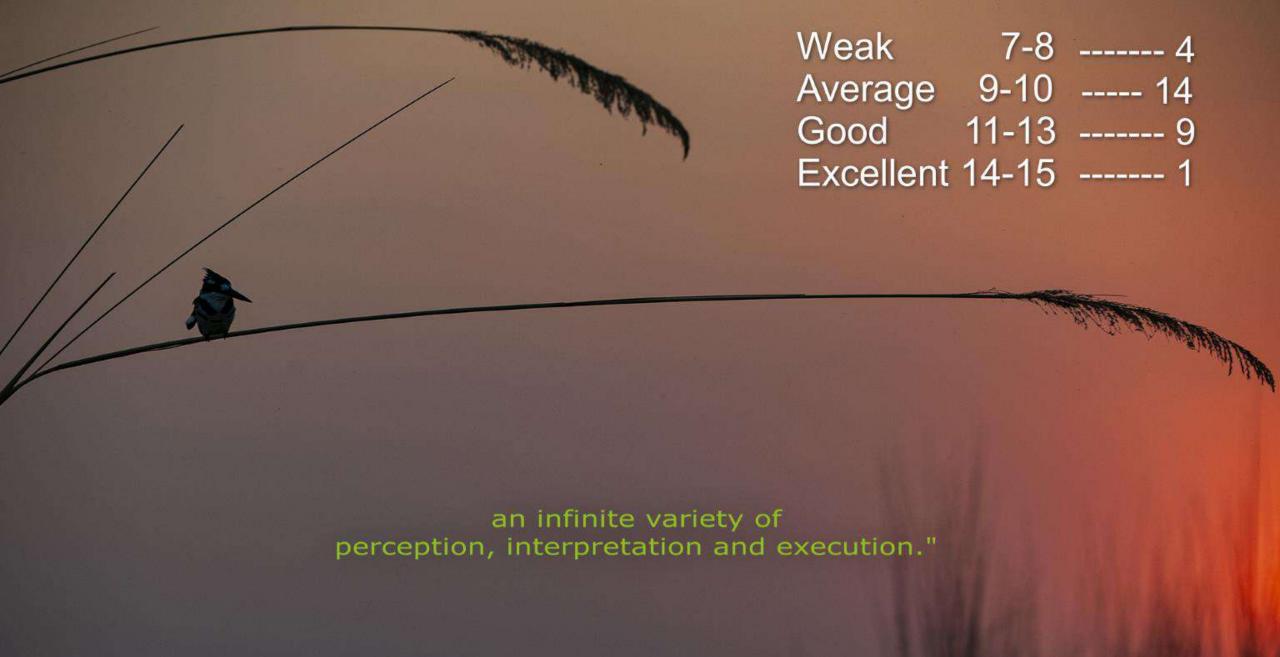
An Introduction to Judging

"No man has the right to dictate what other men should perceive, create or produce, but all should be encouraged to reveal themselves, their perceptions and emotions, and to build confidence in the creative spirit."

"Photography, as a powerful medium of expression and communication, offers

an infinite variety of perception, interpretation and execution."

"There are always two people in every picture: the photographer and the viewer.





an infinite variety of perception, interpretation and execution."

- 8 Background noisy with sunight additionally detracting from the bird. Bird is not totally dark or in full silhouette. Image does not work as is. Suggested to crop the image to retain focus on the bird.
- 14 Beautiful moody/atmospheric image with a story

So then - WHY JUDGE?

CLUB - To Teach

A good photo is always the one about to be taken

and it can be better from what was learned and put into practise from comments made by the judges.

You have scored the images

now comes the difficult part

HOW and WHAT to SAY

it is the feelings, emotions and mood that a picture conveys which form the basis of evaluation.

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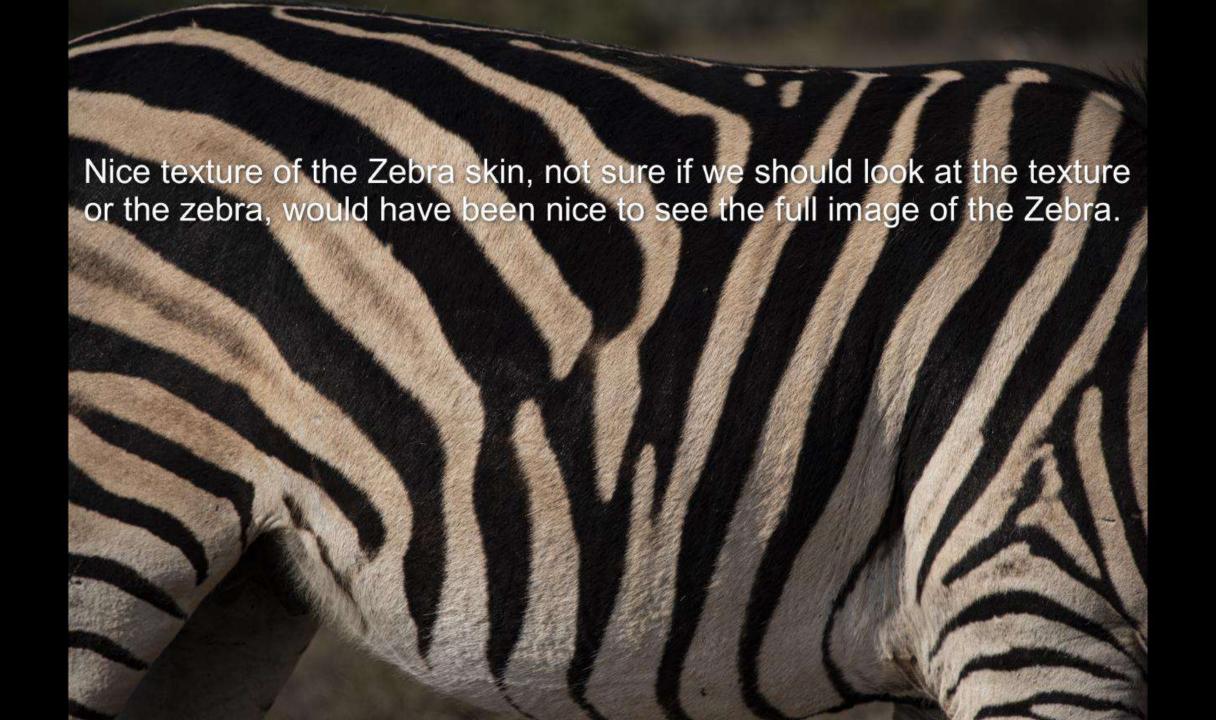
IDENTIFY the BAD

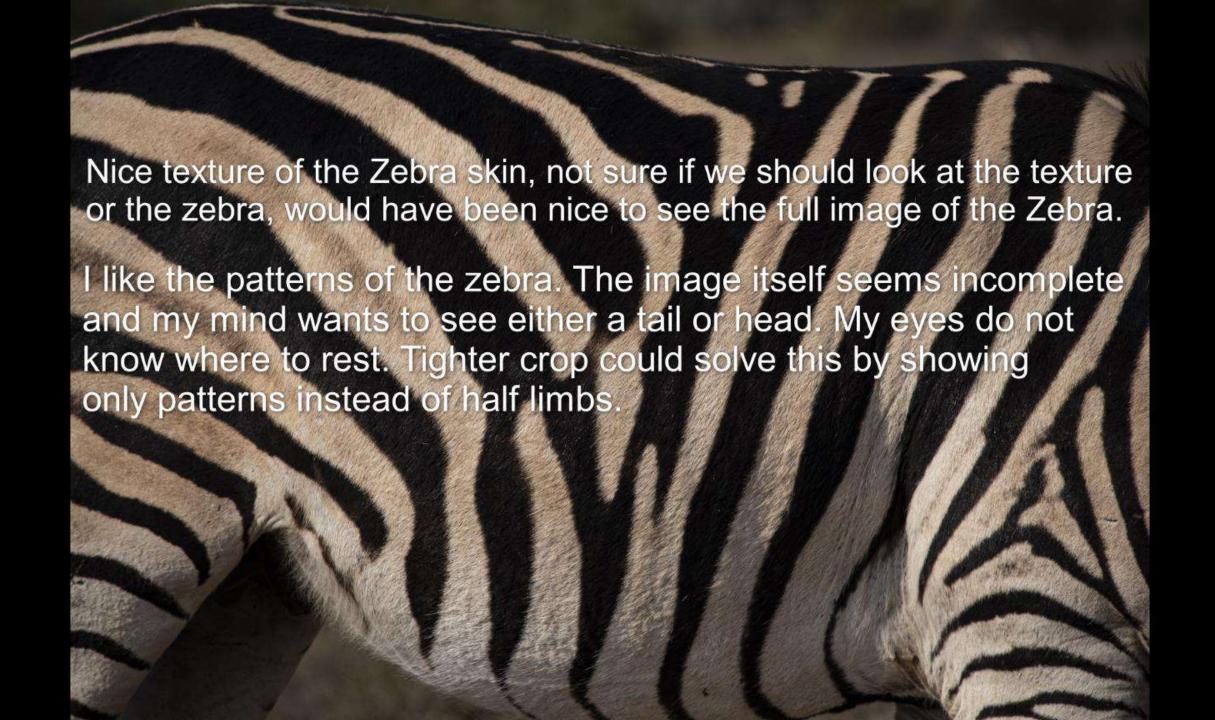
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what doesn't work in the picture - art or craft - composition, focus, exposure, post processing etc.







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and the UGLY

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and the BETTER

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and how to make it BETTER

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and how to make it BETTER

Constructive advice on how to improve the picture.

Be careful in what you say and how you say it

Just as images are interpreted so too are our comments





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I am a little concerned about your comments regarding the white lily, as I don't recall sharpening it at all (I try not to with flowers and animals). The final images is stack of about 8 RAW files, and those all get my standard 15% texture and 15% clarify adjustment when I import into Lightroom. When I look at the image on my monitor it looks fine, so maybe it's time for another calibration!

Anyway, even though I like it too, I won't use it - it's not worth the risk!



Be careful in what you say and how you say it

Just as images are interpreted so too are our comments



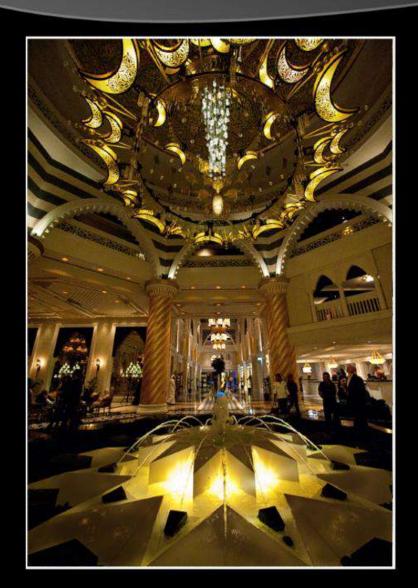
Be careful in what you say and how you say it

Just as images are interpreted so too are our comments

Remember that an image belongs to someone and he or she has feelings about that image and for most of us a criticism of an image feels like a criticism of ourselves.



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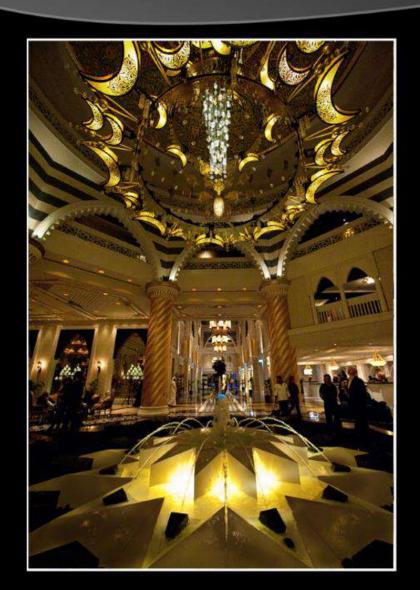


The important point about judging is that you need to have the knowledge and understanding of photography to have confidence in yourself.

Provided you are clear and confident in your judgement, and are able to support it, then you are on the right track.



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BUT

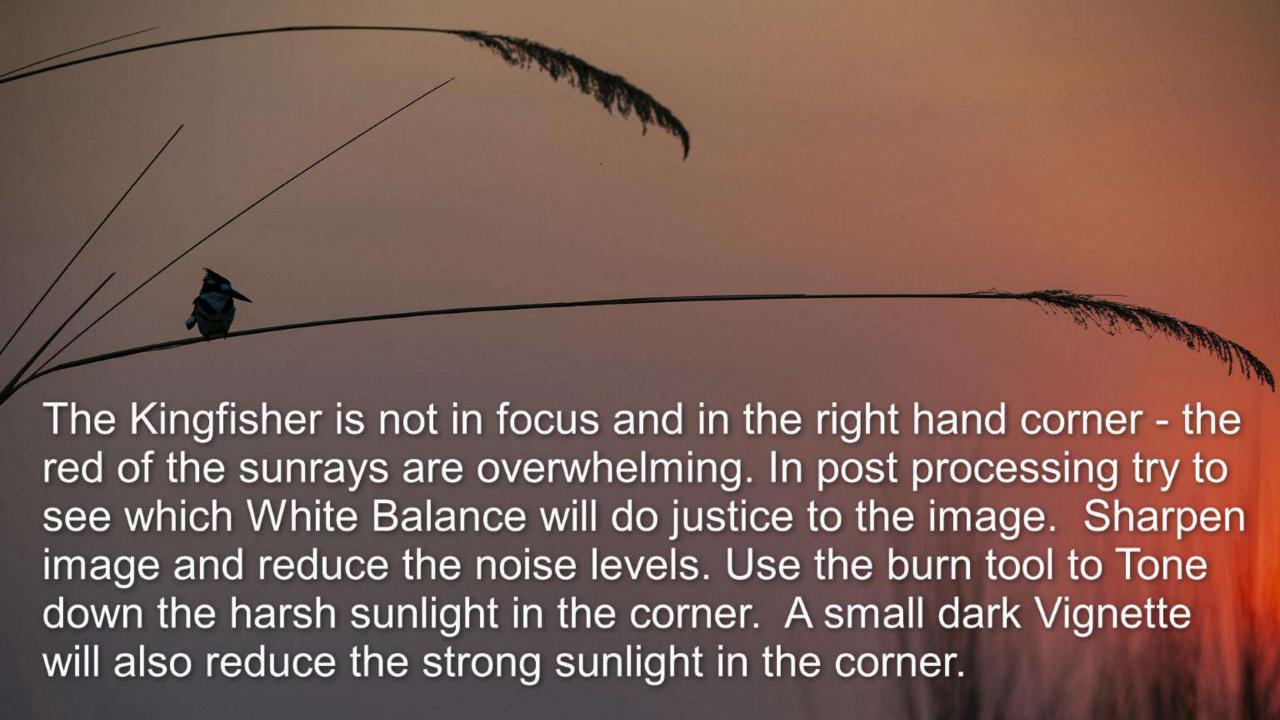
Don't try to show how much you know!

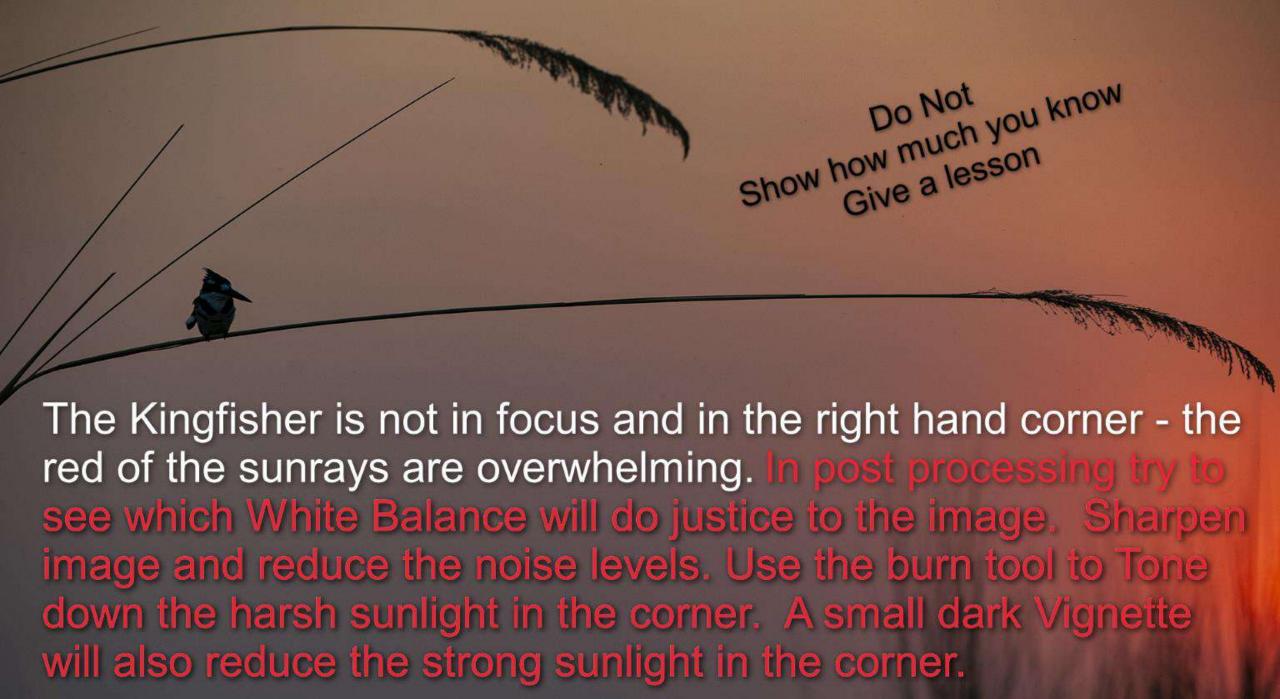


Ken Holland ARPS, DPAGB Looking at Photographs

"Don't produce weighty criticism's based on your own personal opinion: we all work in different ways, and, because a picture is very different from the sort of approach which you, personally, would use, you should not criticise it.

If you cannot appreciate another photographer's work do not assume that it is his/her fault. It may just be that you missed the point of the photograph. And all judges can be guilty of this."





Do NOT

Describe the scene
Use cliches
Nit pick
Show how much you know
Give a lesson





Do

Be Positive Honest Confident





Do

Be Positive Honest Confident

If you don't know - say so. None of us know everything.

Look before you leap - think before you comment

Do NOT

Describe the scene Use cliches Nit pick Show how much you know Give a lesson Criticise the author Make a whole new picture Suggest changes that couldn't be done Make assumptions



Picture is soft on the eyes, could be enhanced if the exposure on the bird was a bit darker to form a silhouette.

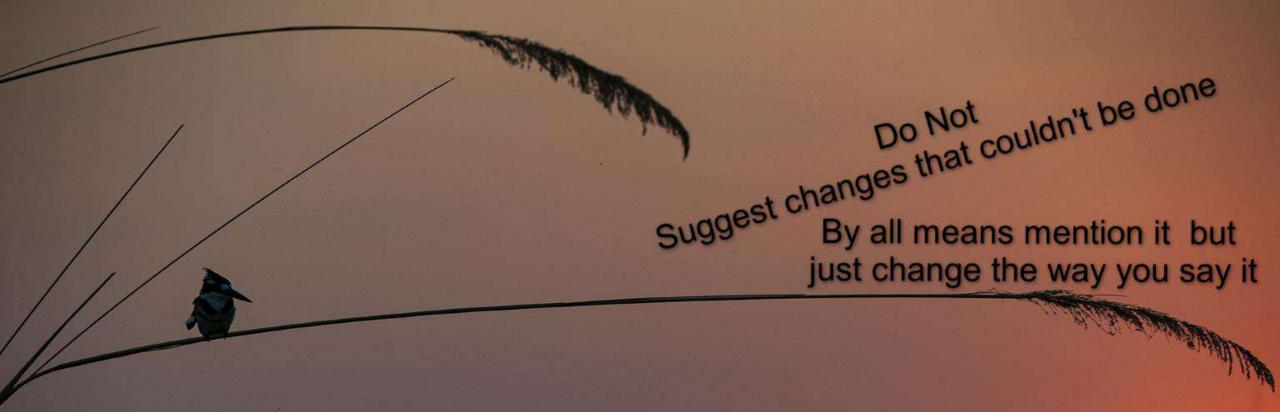
The top leaf is a bit distracting. Spots must be removed. It would be nice if the angle could be changed to have a bit more of the red sky in the picture.



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Do NOT

Make assumptions

Disqualified ----- 2
Weak 7-8 ----- 10
Average 9-10 ---- 9
Good 11-13 ---- 5
Excellent 14-15 ---- 0



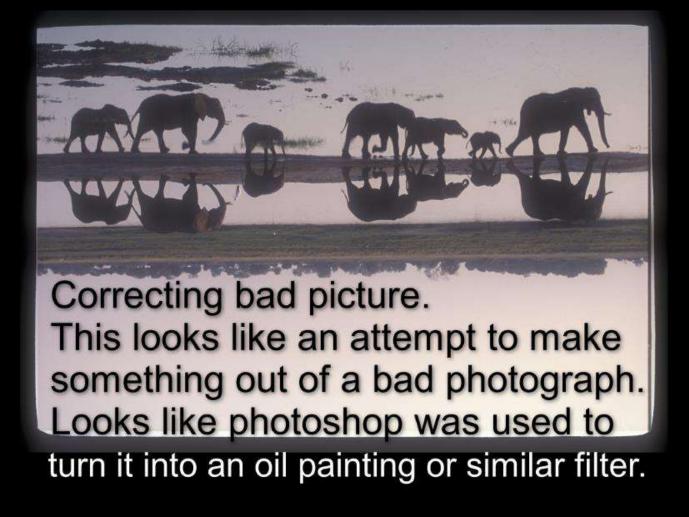
Disqualified Image of a water colour painting. Image of another Authors work.





Disqualified
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Image of another Authors work.





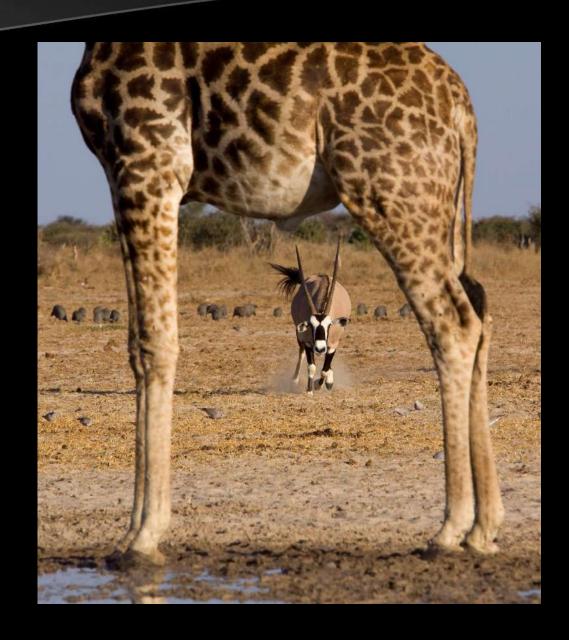
Do Not Do Not Nake assumptions





Judge what you see and don't make assumptions

you can always query something afterwards privately.



Do NOT

Make assumptions
Repeat yourself
Tell your own story
Use should



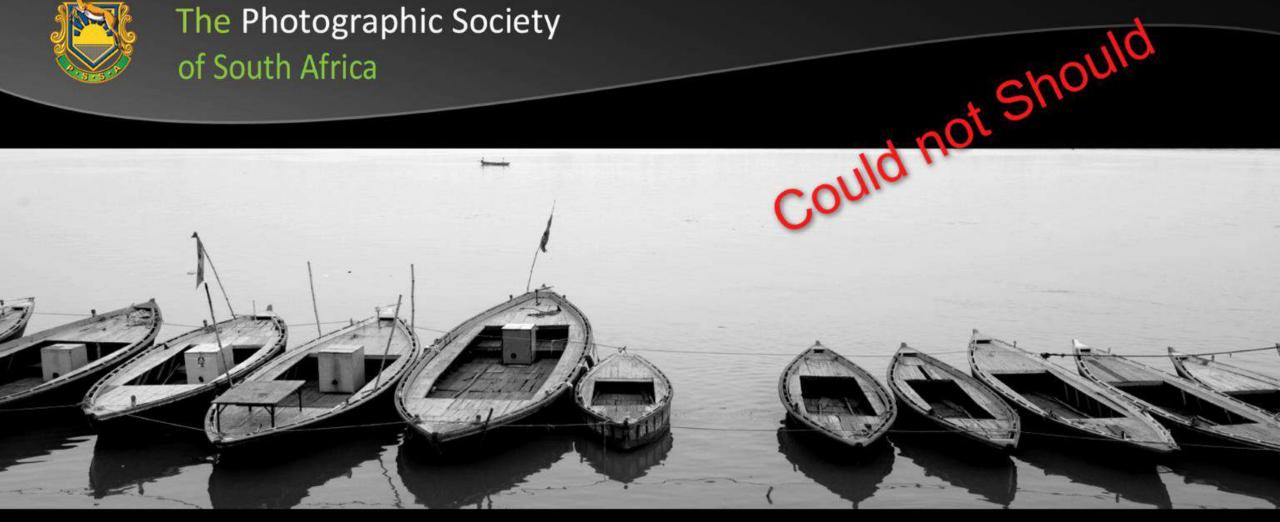






I am struggling to keep my eyes from going to the little boat at the back every time I look at the image. For the small boat to be included the image should be cropped at the gap between the front boats otherwise the little boat should be removed to keep viewer's eyes focussed on front subjects.





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The use of

use it in context - I like the image but don't be dogmatic

The use of

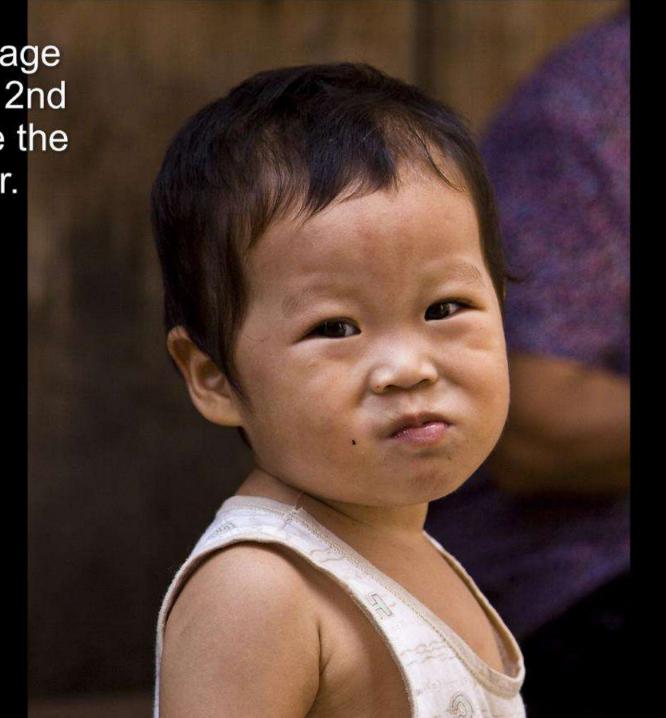
Say "The Image" rather than "I"

it takes out the personal opinion and concentrates on the image rather than the judge

Halving the image to exclude the 2nd baby will make the image stronger.

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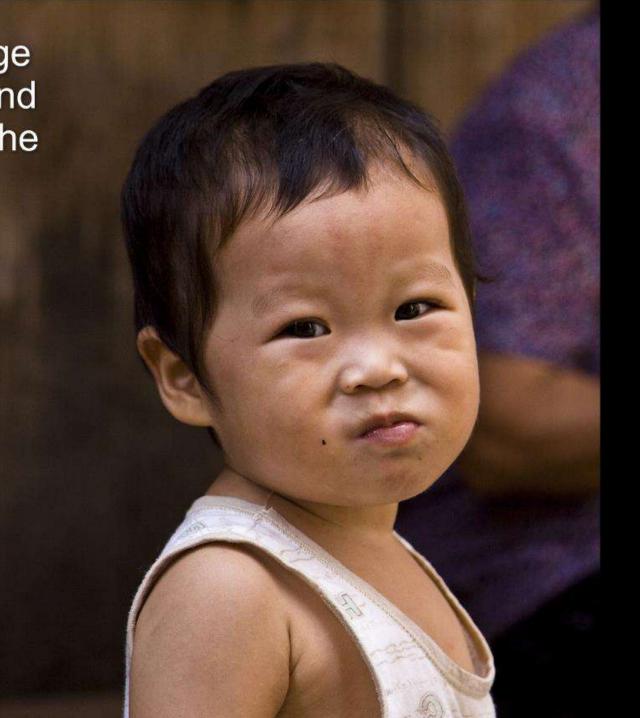
Will it?



Halving the image to exclude the 2nd baby will make the image stronger.

Will it?

Look before you leap



Halving the image to exclude the 2nd baby make the image stronger.

Will it?

Look before you leap



Incoherent composite image.

None of subject in focus - composite doesn't work

Incoherent composite image.

None of subject in focus - composite doesn't work Are these comments teaching anyone anything?

Do

JUDGE what you SEE

COMMENT what you KNOW







As part of the discussion last Sunday (2nd session) we were discussing images with subjects moving into and out of frame and what constituted a good composition relating to that. Particularly, the notion that the subject always has to be to looking or be perceived to be moving into space to constitute a good composition.

My view is that this is not always the case, as a composition contrary to those guidelines can still constitute a good image and be quite dynamic, depending of course on the image.

And as a judge, one should not automatically mark down unconventional composition.

Alan Nixon







A good example where walking out of the frame works as the leading lines are very strong and support the direction that the subjects are moving in. Thus constituting a creative composition.



JAP



With such a strong diagonal structure on the right, in this instance the subject walking out of frame on the left balances that diagonal structure on the right. The white background behind the subject also provides a good space to highlife the subject.







Because of the slope of the walk way which is tilting away from the camera and the dynamic leading lines following the same direction, the subject is perfectly placed and is comfortably balanced with her back to the viewer.







An extraordinary image where the subject is far right moving out of frame to the right but because she is looking back into the image it's well balanced and creates a dynamic composition







Everything says this image is incorrectly composed, but it has an impact which compels the viewer to look longer and ponder the reason why. A great piece of art. The brickwork pattern is also very strong in the image which helps balances the composition. A good example where the placement of the couple is neither right nor wrong, it just is.

Do

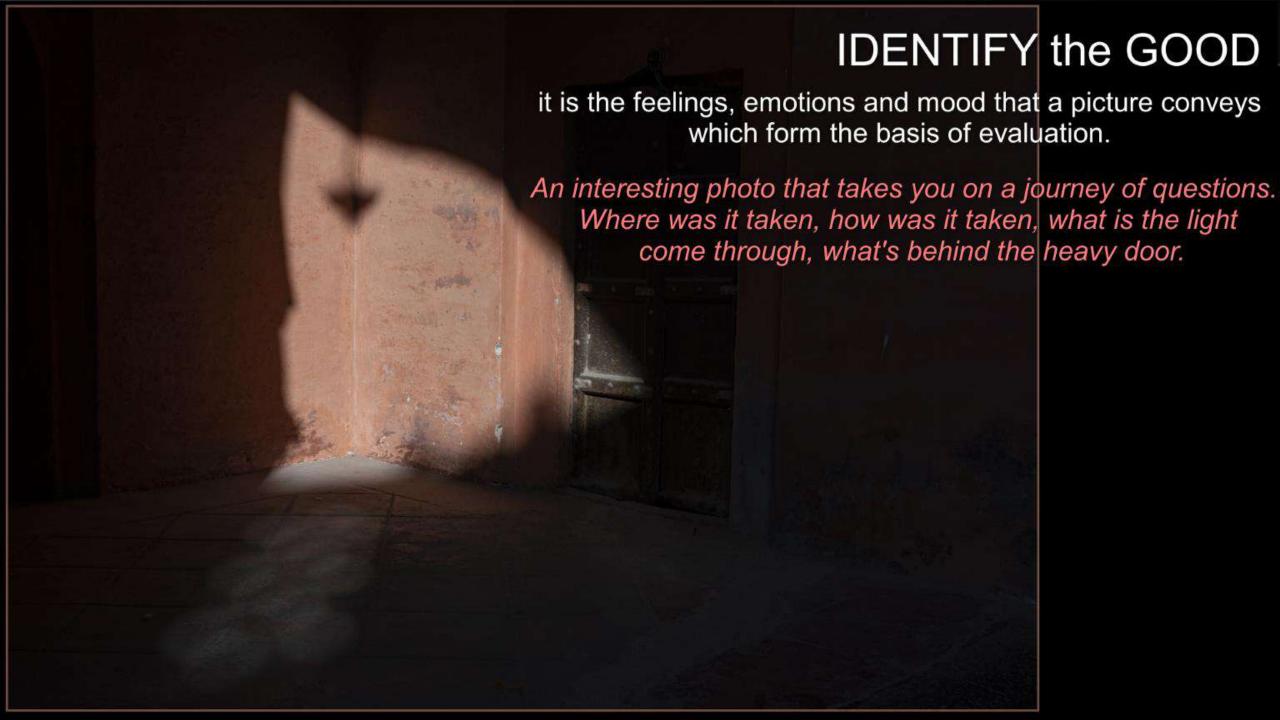
Be Positive Honest Confident

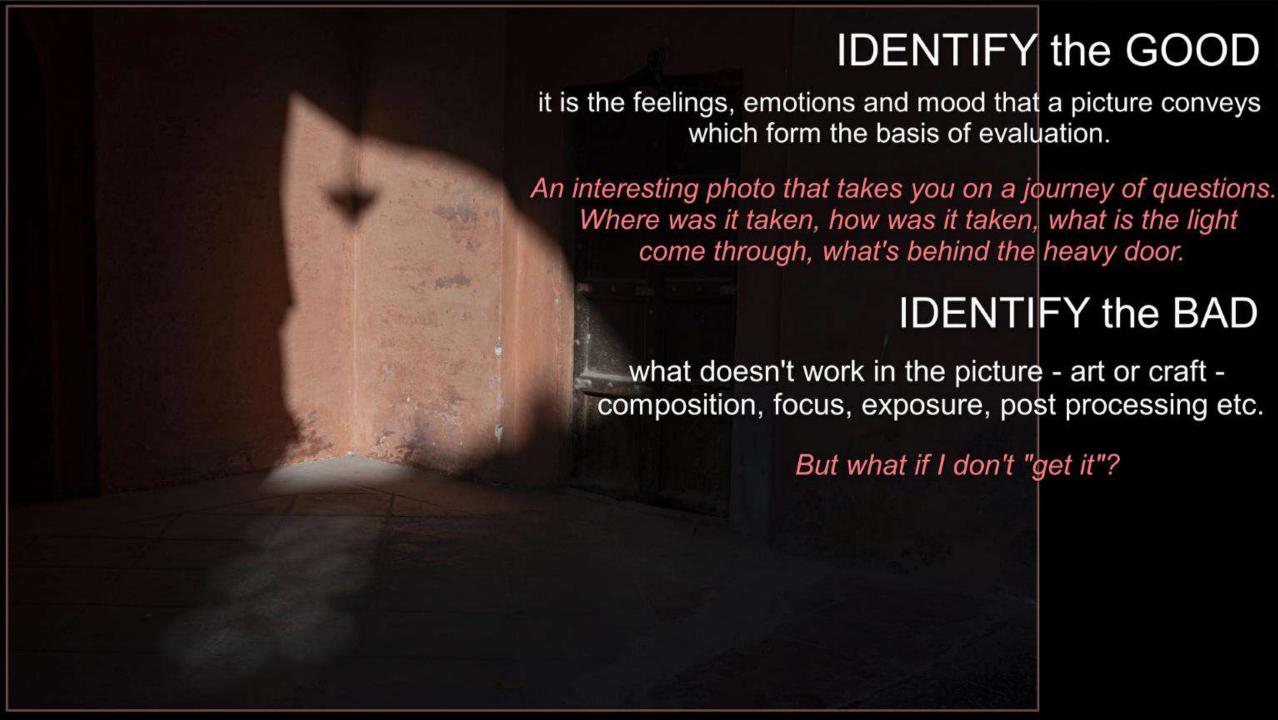
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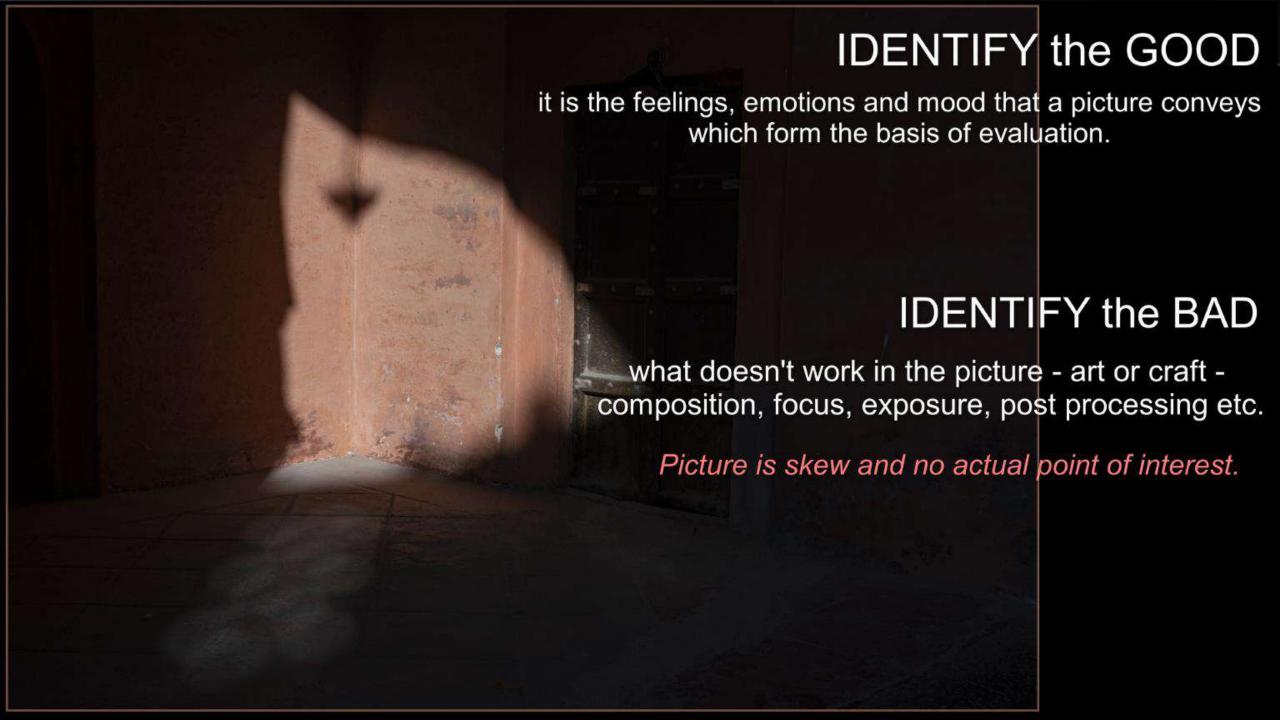
Do

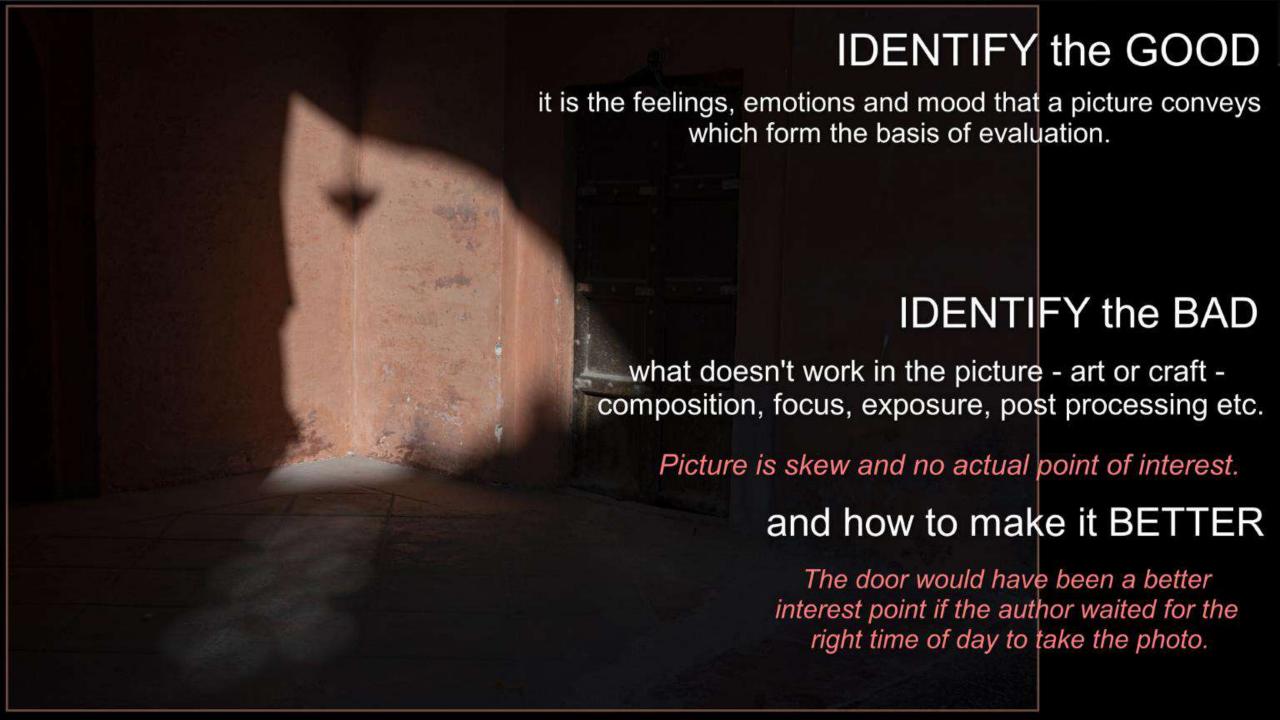
JUDGE what you SEE

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IDENTIFY the GOOD

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IDENTIFY the BAD

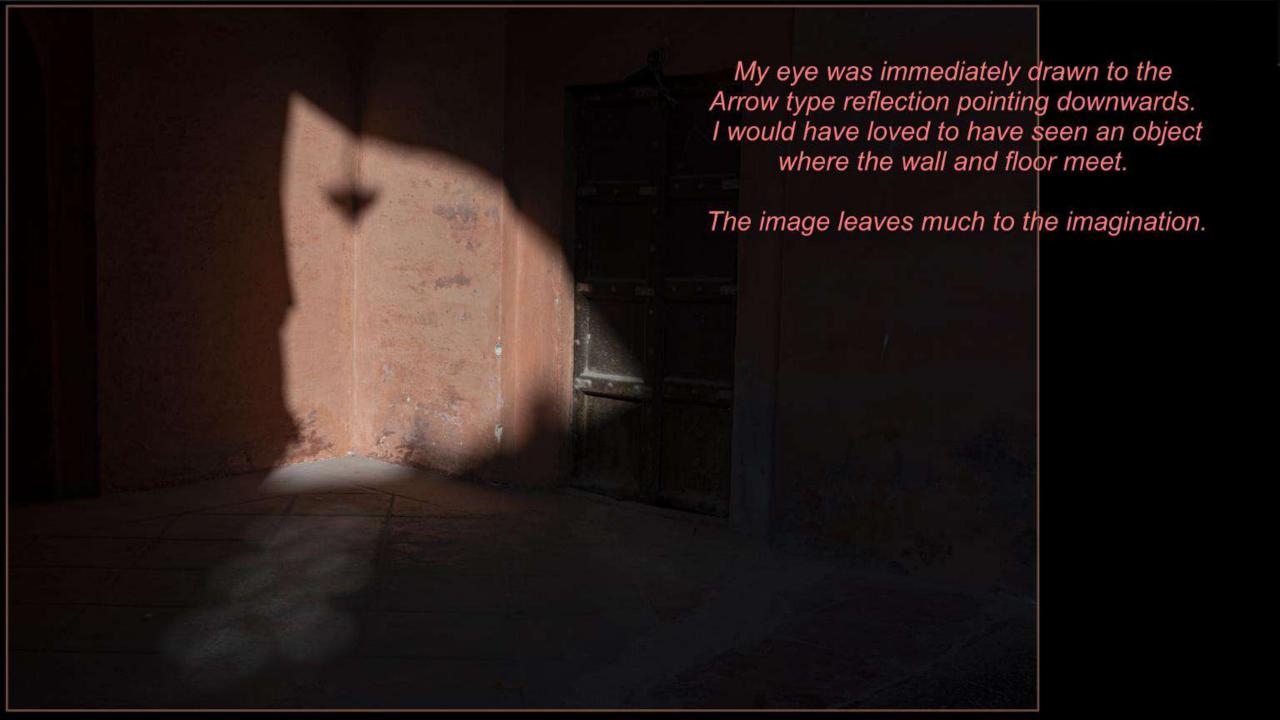
what doesn't work in the picture - art or craft - composition, focus, exposure, post processing etc.

Picture is skew and no actual point of interest.

and how to make it BETTER

The door would have been a better interest point if the author waited for the right time of day to take the photo.

Do Not make a whole new picture



So then - WHY JUDGE?

CLUB - To Teach

A good photo is always the one about to be taken

and it can be better from what was learned and put into practise from comments made by the judges.



I am a bit confused with the judging and the score that I received with one of my images - Save the Rhino in danger.

The judge commented that she liked the image but that the buildings were distracting in the background.

But this is a metal sculpture on the Sea Point promenade, a landmark feature. To remove the buildings will not be an accurate account of what anybody can see at any time of the day or night when they visit the promenade.

In my opinion removing the buildings will not give context to the 3D sculpture created by the artist.

Therefore, do I remove the buildings, to get a higher score, and keep the image as an open category image?

If I was to enter this image as a street or photojournalism, with the buildings removed, it will receive criticism for altering the true image? Correct?



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The judge commented that she liked the image but that the buildings were distracting in the background.

To improve the image I would have possibly liked to have seen the rhino itself sharper, which you could have done by using a different f stop. Of course the problem then is that the background wouldn't be as blurred and the four posts in front of the rhino would become more distracting.

The bright areas around the circle and the blur you have on the whole image except the foreground subject is distracting.



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Or

do I change the title to "Caught in the cross hairs inner city sculpture" which means that the buildings need to be present to complete the story the artist is trying to convey?





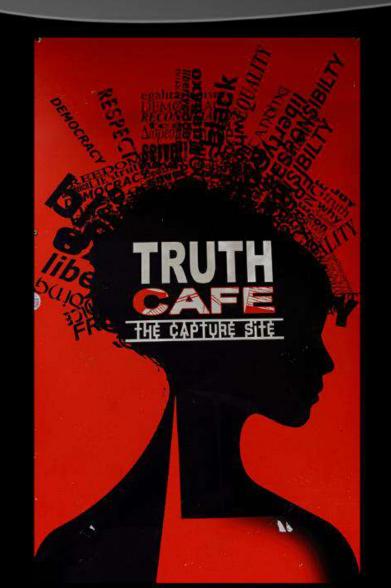






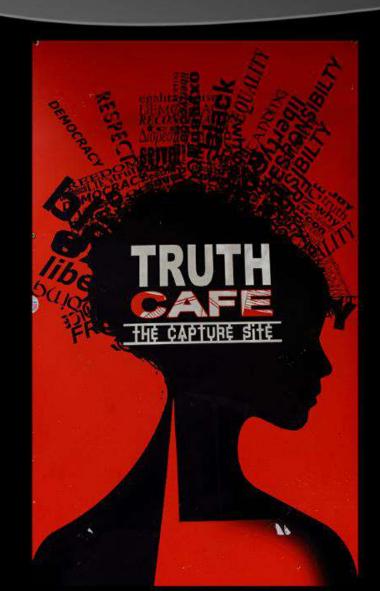


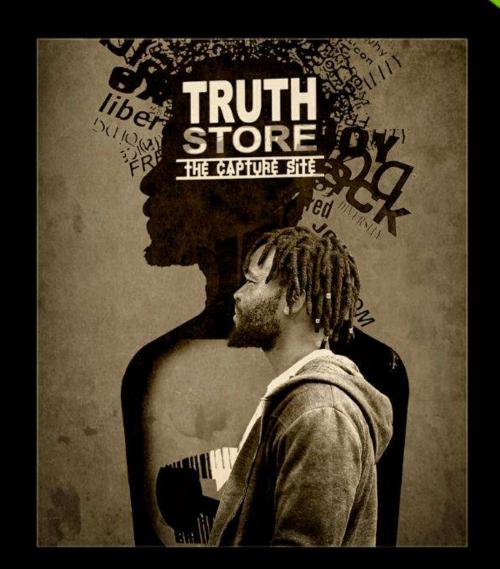






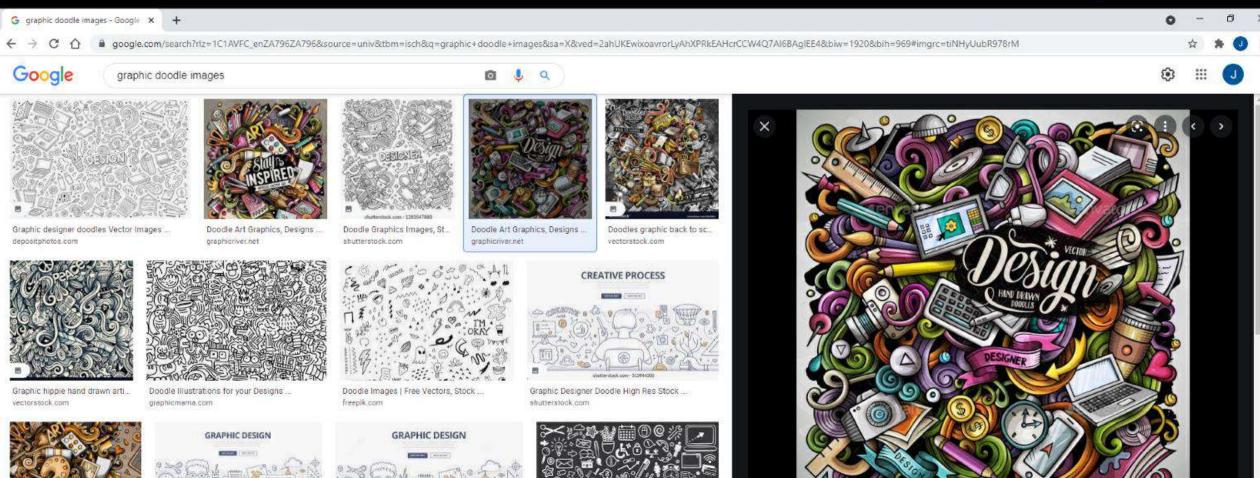






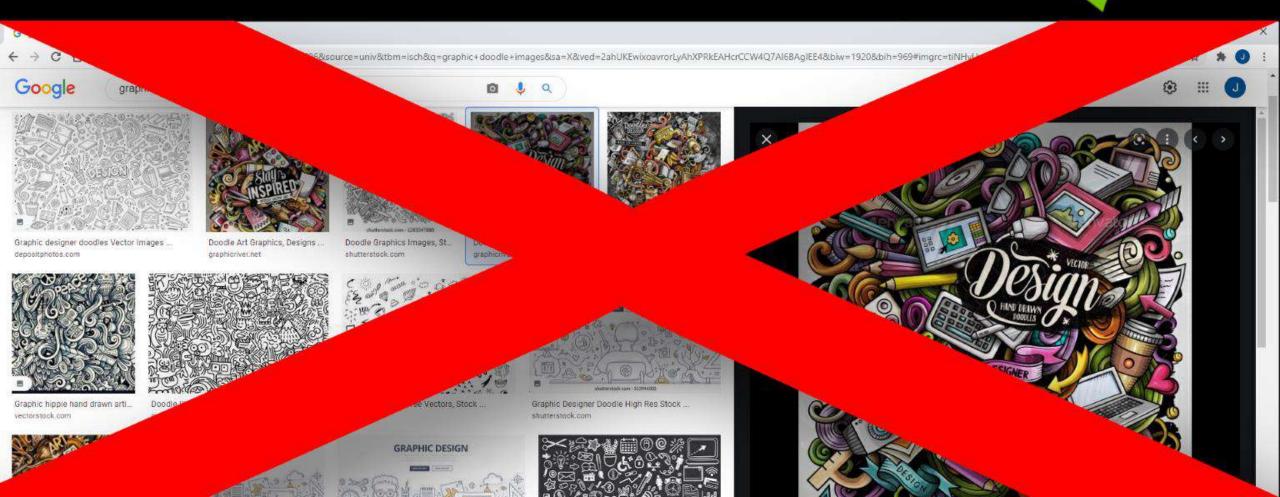


































PSSA HONOURS SHOW 2007



Gail Reuvers







So then - WHY JUDGE?

CLUB - To Teach

and it can be better from what was learned and put into practise from comments made by the judges.

Judge with care

When a member leaves a meeting he most often remembers what the judge didn't do well.

It would be great if the opposite were true.

That should be your aim when judging.